

a phenolic anti-oxidant; a liquid phosphite; and a liquid carrier.

2. (Amended) The stabilized polypropylene as claimed in claim 1 wherein the phenolic anti-oxidant is a cinnamate derivative.

3. (Amended) The stabilized polypropylene as claimed in claim 2 wherein the liquid phosphite is trisnonylphenol phosphite.

AI 4. (Amended) The stabilized polypropylene as claimed in claim 3 wherein the liquid carrier is mineral oil.

5. (Amended) The stabilized polypropylene as claimed in claim 4 wherein the phenolic anti-oxidant is octadecyl 3,5 -di -tert -butyl-4-hydroxyhydrocinnamate.

6. (Amended) The stabilized polypropylene as claimed in claim 3 wherein said stabilization system contains approximately 150 -500 ppm trisnonylphenol phosphite.

7. (Amended). The stabilized polypropylene as claimed in claim 6 wherein said stabilization system contains approximately 50 -100 ppm octadecyl 3,5-di-tert-butyl-4 hydroxyhydrocinnamate.

8. (Amended). The stabilized polypropylene as claimed in claim 7 additionally comprising approximately 150- 500 ppm of tris(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl)phosphite.

9. (Amended). The stabilized polypropylene as claimed in claim 1 wherein the phenolic anti-oxidant and the liquid phosphite are in a concentration ratio of about 1:2.0 to about 1:6.7.

10. (Amended). The stabilized polypropylene as claimed in claim 9 wherein the liquid phosphite is trisnonylphenol phosphite.

11. (Amended). The stabilized polypropylene as claimed in claim 10 wherein the phenolic anti-oxidant is octadecyl 3 ,5-di-tert -butyl-4-hydroxyhydrocinnamate.

12. (Amended). The stabilized polypropylene as claimed in claim 11 wherein the liquid carrier is mineral oil.

13. (Amended). The stabilized polypropylene as claimed in claim 12 additionally comprising approximately 150- 500 ppm of tris(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl)phosphite.

14. (Amended). A method for improving the melt viscosity of polypropylene for use in fiber processing, comprising:

applying a stabilizer composition to a polypropylene, said polypropylene being in powder, flake or pellet form, wherein said stabilizer composition consists essentially of:

approximately 50 -100 ppm of a phenolic anti-oxidant; approximately 150-500 ppm of a liquid phosphite; and a liquid carrier.

15. (Amended). The method as claimed in claim 14 wherein the liquid phosphite is trisnonylphenol phosphite.

16. (Amended). The method as claimed in claim 15 wherein the phenolic anti-oxidant is a cinnamate derivative.

17. (Amended). The method as claimed in claim 16 wherein the phenolic anti-oxidant is octadecyl 3,5 -di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyhydrocinnamate.

18. (Amended). The method as claimed in claim 17 wherein the liquid carrier is mineral oil.

19. (Amended). The method as claimed in claim 18 additionally comprising applying approximately 150-500 ppm of tris(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl)phosphite to said polypropylene.